DIGITAL CONTROLLER WITH ADVANCED ENERGY SAVING MANAGEMENT XRB06CX

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1 GENERAL WARNINGS

1.1 PLEASE READ BEFORE USING THIS MANUAL

- This manual is part of the product and should be kept near the instrument for easy and quick reference.
- The instrument shall not be used for purposes different from those described hereunder. It cannot be
 used as a safety device.
- Check the application limits before proceeding.
- Dixell SrI reserves the right to change the composition of its products, even without notice, ensuring
 the same and unchanged functionality.

1.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

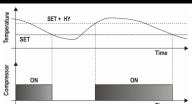
- Check the supply voltage is correct before connecting the instrument.
- Do not expose to water or moisture: use the controller only within the operating limits avoiding sudden temperature changes with high atmospheric humidity to prevent formation of condensation
- Warning: disconnect all electrical connections before any kind of maintenance.
- Fit the probe where it is not accessible by the End User. The instrument must not be opened.
- In case of failure or faulty operation send the instrument back to the distributor or to "Dixell S.r.l." (see address) with a detailed description of the fault.
- Consider the maximum current which can be applied to each relay (see Technical Data).
- Ensure that the wires for probes, loads and the power supply are separated and far enough from each other, without crossing or intertwining.
- In case of applications in industrial environments, the use of mains filters (our mod. FT1) in parallel with inductive loads could be useful.

2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The XRB06CX, 32x74x60mm format, is a microprocessor based controller suitable for applications on medium or low temperature ventilated refrigeration units. It has 3 relay outputs to control compressor, fans and lights. The device is also provided with 3 NTC probe inputs: the first one for temperature control, the second one to be located onto the evaporator to control the defrost termination temperature and to manage the fan and the third, optional, to control the condenser temperature. There is also a configurable digital input. By using the HOT-KEY it is possible to program the instrument in a quick and easy way.

REGULATION

The regulation is performed according to the temperature measured by the thermostat probe with a positive differential from the set point: if the temperature increases and reaches set point plus differential, the compressor will start. The compressor will stop when the temperature reaches the set point value again.



In case of fault because of the thermostat probe, the start and stop of the compressor are timed through parameters **CoF** and **Con**.

4 ENERGY REDUCTION ALGORITHM

4.1 DESCRIPTION

The device permits to set different temperature to be used during normal and reduced power use. The standard SET-POINT (SET) is used to maintain the temperature at a certain value when the energy saving status (ES) is not active. On the other side, when the ES status is active a different SET-POINT (SET_ES), higher than the standard one, will be used. The parameter HES will have to be set to change the regulation temperature according to the following formula:

SET_ES = SET + HES

There are also two different differential values for SET and SET_ES, which are used for compressor cut-in and cut-out: when ES status is active the HYE parameter will be used instead of the HY parameter.

The device uses special Energy reduction Algorithm (ErA algorithm from Dixell) to optimize loads activation during the day. It is possible to set two different algorithms (ErA=bAS or Aut). They differ for the used sensor and for the total length of the interval of time involved.

4.2 BASIC ENERGY SAVING ALGORITHM - ErA=bAS

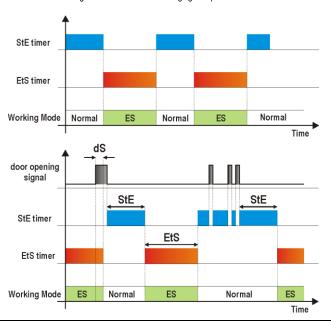
This will be used when **ErA=bAS**. The energy saving status will be always saved in the internal memory to resume previous operation if a power failure occurs. It needs the presence of a door switch to work (11F=dor)

4.2.1 Parameter involved and suggested values:

- ErA=bAS
- i1F=dor
- StE=4.0 hours
- EtS=6.0 hours
- HES=4.0 to 5.0 °C
- HYE=3 to 4°C
- dS=5 to 10 sec
- LdE=Y

FROM	TO	CHANGED BY
Normal	Energy	- Push the DOWN button for 3 sec (if enabled).
mode	Saving	- Door continuously closed for the StE time.
		- Push the DOWN button for 3 sec (if enabled).
Energy	Normal	- Controller in ES mode for the EtS time.
Saving	mode	- If the controller is in ES mode, it returns in Standard mode
		(normal set-point) after opening the door more than dS time.

NOTE: the cycling mode (ES - Normal mode - ES - etc.) works if i1F=dor and EtS and StE are different from zero. If EtS=0 or StE=0, the controller will not change the operating mode, and it will be possible to change from the normal mode to the energy saving mode by using ES button or by setting i1F=ES. See the below diagrams where the status changing is depicted:



4.3 AUTOMATIC ENERGY SAVING ALGORITHM

This will be used when ErA=Aut. The operations are controlled by using the Aid parameter. After powering on the device, it automatically starts to analyze the temperature behavior by using the only room temperature probe. In this way it can build the best energy saving model according to the application. The device uses temperature behavior information of the previous Aid interval to manage the loads during the current period. When Aid is set to use long periods (Aid>1), a day-by-day model will be used during the first interval of time.

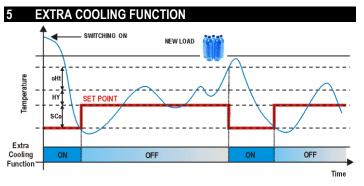
4.3.1 Parameter involved and suggested values:

- ErA=Aut
- Aid=1 or 7
- LdE=Y
- HES= 4.0 to 5.0°C
- HYE=3 to 4°C

NOTES

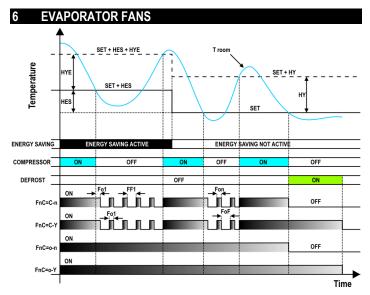
- In case of any blackout, the calculated energy saving model will be reset.
- ErA can exclusively drive the light output by using the LdE parameter. When LdE=YES, the light output status will change according to the energy saving (ES) status:
 - a. OFF if ES is active
 - b. ON if ES is not active
- It is always possible to override the light output status by using the frontal button. Anyway, this
 modification will have a temporary impact on the lights if LdE=YES. In fact, ErA will take the
 control after the next ES status change.
- ErA does not need any door switch input to work.
- Be sure to place the room temperature probe in near the upper zone of the cabinet: this gives the best results in terms of temperature variation analysis.
- The Aid parameter indicates the interval of analysis as "number of days". The suggested values for it are 1 or 7, depending on the particular application.
- When Aid=1, the first day will be used to analyze the temperature behavior and to build the
 model to apply to the second day. The model will be updated every day in order to better match
 the working conditions.
- When Aid=7, the first 7 days will be used to analyze the temperature behavior and to build the
 model to apply to the next 7 days. The model will be updated every 7 days in order to better
 match the working conditions.

9. When Aid=7, the first 7 days after power on will use a sub analysis base on 1-day model.



The SUPER-COOLING function is active when the room temperature measured from the probe 1 goes over the SET+oHt+HY value. In this case, a special set-point value, lower than the normal SET value, will be enabled. As soon as the room temperature reaches the SET-SCo value, the compressor will be stopped and the normal regulation will restart. N.B.: super-cooling function is disabled when SCo=0.

The tSC parameter sets the maximum activation time for super cooling operations. When tSC expires, the super cooling will be stopped and the standard SET-POINT will be restored. NOTE: in case of energy saving mode active, the used values will be: SET_ES=SET+HES, oHE and SCE.



With FnC parameter it can be selected the fans functioning:

- FnC=C-n → fans will switch ON and OFF with the compressor and not run during defrost; when compressor is OFF, fans will enter a duty-cycle working mode (see FoF, Fon, FF1 and Fo1 parameters)
- FnC=o-n → fans will run even if the compressor is off, and not run during defrost;
- FnC=o-Y → fans will run continuously also during defrost.

After defrost, there is a timed fan delay allowing for drip time, set by means of the **Fnd** parameter. An additional parameter **FSt** provides the setting of temperature, detected by the evaporator probe, above which the fans are always OFF. By using this parameter it is possible to assure air circulation only if air temperature is lower than **FSt** value.

6.1 EVAPORATOR FAN AND DIGITAL INPUT

When the digital input is configured as door switch (i1F=dor), fans and compressor status will depend on the odC parameter value:

- odC=no → normal regulation;
- odC=FAn → evaporator fan OFF;
- odC=CPr → compressor OFF;
- $\bullet \qquad \text{odC=F-C} \rightarrow \text{compressor and evaporator fan OFF}$

When rrd=Y the regulation will restart after a door open alarm.

7 DEFROST

7.1 DEFROST MODE

Any defrost operation can be controlled in the following way:

- EdF=rtC: by using an internal real time clock (only for models equipped with RTC)
- EdF=in: timed defrost, in this case a new defrost will start as soon as the idF timer elapses.
- EdF=Aut: automatic management, in this case the controller will start a new defrost any time a change from normal to energy saving mode will occur (valid if ErA=Aut).

7.2 TIMED OR PROBE CONTROLLED MODE

Two defrost modes are available: timed or controlled by the evaporator's probe. A couple of parameters is used to control the interval between defrost cycles (idF) and its maximum length (MdF). During the defrost cycle is possible to select some different display indications by using the dFd parameter. These modes are available with any kind of defrost type:

- tdF=EL: electric heater defrost

tdF=in: hot gas defrost.

7.3 AUTOMATIC DURATION DETECTION

When a defrost operation is performed by compressor stop (means by stopping the compressor and by activating the internal ventilators), it will be possible to use an automatic defrost mode by setting tdF=ALt. In this case the device will use the evaporator probe (which MUST to be present and properly mounted on the evaporator surface) to detect the end of the actual defrost phase. In any case, a maximum period of time (MdF) and an upper evaporator temperature value will be used to stop the current defrost phase. If ErA=Aut, the automatic defrost mode will activate a defrost at the beginning of any energy saving mode period. In this case the idF delay is used as safety function. It forces the controller to activate a defrost operation when idF runs. NOTE: during the defrost phase the loads (compressor and evaporator fans) will be controlled from the defrost altorithm.

8 INTERNAL COUNTERS

The next table shows the implemented load and function counters

n1H	Number of compressor activation (thousands of)
n1L	Number of compressor activation (hundreds of)
n2H	Number of fan activation (thousands of)
n2L	Number of fan activation (hundreds of)
n3H	Number of defrost activation (thousands of)
n3L	Number of defrost activation (hundreds of)
n4H	Number of light activation (thousands of)
n4L	Number of light activation (hundreds of)
oCH	Compressor working hours (thousands of)
oCL	Compressor working hours (hundreds of)

In this way it is possible to monitor the application and discovering bad functioning that could lead to damages. They are updated in EEPROM every hour. It is not possible to reset them.

NOTE: the compressor activation counters take into account also defrost in case of inversion (hot gas) mode.

9 FRONT PANEL COMMANDS



SET	Press to display target set point and the real set point. When in programming mode it selects a parameter or confirms an operation
- `	(LIG) To switch on and off the light
***	(DEF) To start a defrost (when function available)
	(UP) In programming mode it browses the parameter codes or increases the displayed value.
>	(DOWN) In programming mode it browses the parameter codes or decreases the displayed value.
(l)	(ONOFF) Keep it pressed for 3 sec to activate or deactivate the key function (see par. onF)

KEYS COMBINATION	
V + \rightarrow	To lock or unlock the keyboard
SET+	To enter in programming mode
SET+	To return to room temperature display

ICON	MODE	MEANING
址	On	Compressor enabled
* X *	Flashing	Anti-short cycle delay enabled (AC parameter)
*	On	Light output enabled
S,	On	Fans output enabled
3	Flashing	Fans delay after defrost
°C,°F	On	Measurement unit
, _	Flashing	Programming mode
\psi\	On	Energy saving mode active
(I)	On	An alarm condition is present
(II)	Flashing	Start-up operations are pending

NOTE: start-up operations lasts about 30 sec after powering on the device. At the end of this phase, the alarm icon will switch off if no alarm is active.

9.1 SET POINT MENU

The SET key gives access to a quick menu where it is possible to see:

- the set point value.
- the real set point value (rSE)

Push and release the **SET** key five times or wait for 60 sec to return to normal visualisation.

9.2 CHANGE THE SETPOINT

- 1. Push the **SET** key for more than 2 sec to change the Set point value;
- 2. The value of the set point will be displayed and the "°C" LED starts blinking;



Installing and operating instructions

- To change the Set value push the UP or DOWN button.
- To memorise the new set point value push the **SET** key again or wait for 60 sec.

9.3 **HOW TO: START A MANUAL DEFROST**

Push the **DEFROST** button for more than 2 sec to start a manual defrost.

9.4 **HOW TO: CHANGE A PARAMETER VALUE**

To change the parameter values operate as follows:

- 1. Enter the Programming mode by pressing the **SET+DOWN** buttons for 3 sec ("°C" LED starts blinking).
- Select the required parameter. Press the SET button to display its value
- 3. Use UP or DOWN buttons to change its value
- 4. Press **SET** to store the new value and move to the following parameter.

To exit: Press SET+UP buttons or waits for 15 sec without pressing any key.

NOTE: the set value is stored even when the procedure exits by waiting the time-out to expire.

HOW TO: SHOW THE HIDDEN MENU

The hidden menu includes all the parameters of the instrument.

ENTER THE HIDDEN MENU

- 1. Enter the Programming mode by pressing SET+DOWN buttons for 3 sec ("oC" or "oF" LED starts
- 2. Released the keys and then push again SET+DOWN buttons for more than 7 sec. The "L2" label will be displayed immediately followed from the HY parameter. NOW YOU ARE IN THE HIDDEN MENU.
- Select the required parameter
- 4. Press the SET key to display its value
- 5. Use UP or DOWN to change its value.
- 6. Press SET to store the new value and move to the following parameter.

To exit: Press SET+UP or wait for 15 sec without pressing any key.

NOTE1: if there are no parameters in L1, after 3 sec the "nP" label will be displayed. Keep the keys pushed till the "L2" message will be displayed.

NOTE2: the previous set value will be stored even if the programming mode exits by waiting for the time-out to expire

MOVE PARAMETERS FROM THE HIDDEN MENU TO THE FIRST LEVEL AND VICEVERSA.

Each parameter present in the HIDDEN MENU can be removed or put into "THE FIRST LEVEL" (user level) by pressing SET+DOWN. If a parameter is visible also in the First Level, in the HIDDEN MENU the decimal point will be lit.

HOW TO: LOCK THE KEYBOARD 9.6

- Keep both UP and DOWN buttons pressed for more than 3 sec.
- The "oFF" label will be displayed and the keyboard will be locked. If any button is pressed more than 3 sec, the "oFF" message will be displayed.

HOW TO: UNLOCK THE KEYBOARD 9.7

Keep both UP and DOWN buttons pressed together for more than 3 sec till the "on" message will be displayed

10 PARAMETERS

REGULATION

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	Differential in normal mode (energy saving not active): (0.1 to 25.0°C; 1 to 45°F)
HY	differential for set point. Compressor Cut-IN is
	FORT BODIE - 100 O

HY]. Compressor Cut-OUT is when the temperature reaches the set point

Differential when energy saving mode is active: (0.1 to 25.0°C; 1 to 45°F) differential for set point. Compressor Cut-IN is [SET-POINT + HES + HYE]. Compressor Cut-OUT is when the HYE emperature reaches the [SET-POINT + HES].

Minimum SET POINT: (-55.0°C to SET; -67°F to SET) sets the minimum value for the set LS

US Maximum SET POINT: (SET to 110.0°C; SET to 230°F) set the maximum value for set point.

Thermostat probe calibration: (-12.0 to 12.0°C; -21 to 21°F) allows to adjust any possible offset of the first probe.

P2P Evaporator probe presence: n = not present: Y = the defrost stops by temperature Evaporator probe calibration: -12.0 to 12.0 °C; -21 to 21 °F) allows to adjust any possible

οE offset of the second probe. P4P Fourth probe presence: n = not present: Y = the condenser temperature alarm is managed

Fourth probe calibration: (-12.0 to 12.0 °C; -21 to 21 °F) allows to adjust any possible offset of 04

Outputs activation delay at start up: (0 to 255 min) this function is enabled after the start-up odS of the instrument and inhibits any output activation for the period of time set in the parameter Anti-short cycle delay: (0 to 50 min) minimum interval between a compressor stop and the AC

Compressor ON time with faulty probe: (0 to 255 min) time during which the compressor is active in case of faulty thermostat probe. With CY=0 compressor is always OFF. Con

Compressor OFF time with faulty probe: (0 to 255 min) time during which the compressor is CoF OFF in case of faulty thermostat probe. With Cn=0 compressor is always active.

DISPLAY

- Temperature measurement unit: (°C; °F) °C = Celsius; °F = Fahrenheit. Resolution (only for °C): (dE; in) dE = decimal; in = integer.
- rES Display temperature delay: (0.0 to 20min00sec, res. 10 sec) when the temperature increases, dLY the display is updated of 1°C or 1°F after this time.

DEFROST

- Defrost Mode: rtC=controlled from real time clock (if available); in=timed mode; Aut=automatic mode.
- tdF Defrost type: EL=electrical heaters; in=hot gas; ALt=automatic, only for for compressor stop.
- Probe selection for defrost control (termination): nP=no probe; P1=thermostat probe; P2=evaporator probe; P3=do not use it; P4=Probe on Hot Key plug.

dtE	Defrost termination temperature: (-55 to 50°C; -67 to 122°F) if P2=Y it sets the temperature measured by the evaporator probe, which causes the end of defrost.
idF	Interval between two consecutive defrost cycles: (0 to 255 hours) determines the time interval between the beginnings of two defrosting cycles.
MdF	Maximum length for defrost: (0 to 255 min; 0 means no defrost) when P2P=n (no evaporator probe presence) it sets the defrost duration, when P2P=Y (defrost end based on evaporator temperature) it sets the maximum length for defrost.
dSd	Start defrost delay: (0 to 255 min) delay in defrost activation.
dFd	Display during defrost: (rt, it; SP, dF) rt = real temperature; it = start defrost temperature; SP = SET-POINT; dF = label "dF".
dAd	Max delay for updating display after a defrost: (0 to 255 min) delay before updating the temperature on the display after finishing a defrost.
Fdt	Draining time: (0 to 255 min)
dPo	First defrost after start-up: (n; Y) to enable defrost at power on.
dAF	Defrost delay after freezing: (0.0 to 24h00min, res. 10 min) delay before activating a defrost.

FANS

	Fan mode operation: (Cn; on; CY; oY)	
	 Cn = runs with the compressor, duty-cycle when compressor is OFF (see FoF, Fon, FF1 and Fo1 parameters) and OFF during defrost; 	
FnC	 on = continuous mode, OFF during defrost; 	
	 CY = runs with the compressor, duty-cycle when compressor is OFF (see FoF, Fon, FF1 and Fo1 parameters) and ON during defrost; 	
	 oY = continuous mode, ON during defrost. 	
Fnd	Fan delay after defrost: (0 to 255 min) delay in fan activation after a defrost.	
FCt	Differential of temperature for forced activation of fans	
FSt	Fans stop temperature: (-55 to 50°C; -67 to 122°F) setting of temperature, detected by evaporator probe. Over this value of temperature fans are always OFF. <u>NOTE: it works only</u> for the evaporator fan, NOT for the condenser fan.	
Fon	Fan on time when the compressor is off: (0 to 255 min) used when energy saving status is not active.	
FoF	Fan off time when the compressor is off: (0 to 255 min) used when energy saving status is not active.	
FAP	Probe selection for fan management: nP=no probe; P1=thermostat probe; P2=evaporator probe; P3=do not use it; P4=Probe on Hot Key plug.	
Fo1	Fan on time with compressor off in Energy Saving: (0 to 255 min) used when energy saving status is active.	
FF1	Fan off time with compressor off in Energy Saving: (0 to 255 min) used when energy saving status is active.	

ALARMS

ALP	probe; P2=evaporator probe; P3=do not use it; P4=Probe on Hot Key plug.
ALC	Temperature alarms configuration: (Ab, rE) Ab = absolute; rE = relative.
ALU	Maximum temperature alarm: when this temperature is reached, the alarm is enabled after the Ad delay time.
ALU	 If ALC=Ab → ALL to 110.0°C or ALL to 230°F.
	 If ALC=rE → 0.0 to 50.0°C or 0 to 90°F.
	Minimum temperature alarm: when this temperature is reached, the alarm is enabled after the Ad delay time.
ALL	If ALC=Ab → -55.0°C to ALU or -67°F to ALU.
	 If ALC=rE → 0.0 to 50.0°C or 0 to 90°F.
AFH	Differential for temperature alarm recovery: (0.1 to 25.0°C; 1 to 45°F) differential for alarms.
ALd	Temperature alarm delay: (0 to 255 min) delay time between the detection of an alarm condition and the relative alarm signalling.
dAo	Delay of temperature alarm at start up: (0.0 to 24h00min, res. 10 min) delay time between the detection of a temperature alarm condition and the relative alarm signalling, after powering on the instrument.

CONDENSER TEMPERATURE ALARM

AP2	Probe selection for second temperature alarms: (nP; P1; P2; P3; P4) nP=no probe; P1=thermostat probe; P2=evaporator probe; P3=do not use it; P4=Probe on Hot Key plug
AL2	Second low temperature alarm: (-55.0 to 110.0°C; -67 to 230°F)
AU2	Second high temperature alarm: (-55.0 to 110.0°C; -67 to 230°F)
AH2	Differential for second temperature alarm recovery: (0.1 to 25.0°C; 1 to 45°F)
Ad2	Second temperature alarm delay: (0 to 255 min; 255 = not used) delay time between the detection of a condenser alarm condition and the relative alarm signaling.
dA2	Delay for second temperature alarm at start up: (0.0 to 24h00min, res. 10 min)
bLL	Compressor off because of second low temperature alarm: (n; Y) n = no, compressor keeps on working; Y = yes, compressor is switched off till the alarm is present, in any case regulation restarts after AC time at minimum.
AC2	Compressor off because of second high temperature alarm: $(n; Y) n = no$, compressor keeps on working; $Y = yes$, compressor is switched off till the alarm is present, in any case regulation restarts after AC time at minimum.
tbA	Alarm muting: (n; Y) to disable the (optional) buzzer and the output configured as alarm.

DIGITAL INPUT

	opening the contact.	
	Digital input 1 configuration: (dor; dEF; LiG; AUS; Lis; ES)	
	• dor = door switch function;	
	 dEF = defrost activation; 	
i1F	LiG = light activation / deactivation;	
	AUS = not used;	
	 LiS = not used; 	
	ES = energy saving activation / deactivation.	
did	Digital inputs alarm delay: (0 to 255 min) when i1F=EAL or bAL, it is the delay between the detection of an external alarm condition and the relative signalling. When i1F=dor, this represents the delay before the activation of the door open alarm.	
doA	Door alarm delay: (0 to 255 min)	
odC	Compressor and fan status after opening of the door: (no; FAn; CPr; F-C): no = normal;	
ouo	FAn = Fans OFF; CPr = Compressor OFF; F-C = Compressor and fans OFF.	
rrd	Regulation restart after door open alarm: (n; Y) n = no regulation if door is opened; Y = when	

did is elapsed, regulation restarts even if a door open alarm is present.

Digital input 1 polarity: (oP; CL) oP = activated by closing the contact; CL = activated by

ENERGY SAVING

ErA	Energy reduction algorithm used: (nu; bAS; Aut) nu=no energy saving algorithm used; bAS=basic energy saving algorithm; Aut=automatic energy saving algorithm.
HES	Differential for energy aaving mode: (-30.0 to 30.0°C; -54 to 54°F) it sets the increasing value of the set point during the Energy Saving cycle.
LdE	Energy saving mode controls the lights (lights off when E.S. goes active): (n; Y) the light status depends on the energy saving mode and is managed from ErA.
Aid	Period of analysis for ErA (valid if ErA=Aut): (1 to 20 days) set the interval of time for temperature variation analysis.
StE	Period of time to switch from normal mode to energy saving mode (valid if ErA=bAS): (0.0 to 24h00min, res. 10 min) if door stay closed for StE time, the energy saving mode will be activated. NOTE: this will require a door switch to work.
EtS	Period of time to switch from energy saving to normal mode (valid if ErA=bAS): (0.0 to 24h00min, res. 10 min) maximum time for energy saving mode. NOTE: this will require a door switch to work.
dS	Door open time to switch from EtS to StE (valid if ErA=bAS): (0 to 999 sec) the energy saving mode will be immediately deactivated as soon as the door stay open more than the dS time. NOTE: this will require a door switch to work.
oHt	Overheating before activating the super cooling function (when in normal mode): (1.0 to 12.0°C; 1 to 21°F) this is the upper threshold limit used to activate the super cooling function.
SCo	Subcooling for Super Cooling function (when in normal mode): (0.0 to 12°C; 0 to 21°F) this is the special set-point value used during a super cooling function (cut-off value for compressor). If SCo=0, the super cooling function during normal mode is disabled.
tSC	Maximum duration for Super Cooling function (both for normal and energy saving mode): (0.0 to 24h00min, res. 10 min) maximum length for super cooling mode.
оНЕ	Overheating before activating the super cooling function (when in energy saving mode): (1.0 to 12.0°C; 1 to 21°F) this is the upper threshold limit used to activate the super cooling function.
SCE	Subcooling for Super Cooling function (when in energy saving mode): (0.0 to 12°C; 0 to 21°F) this is the special set-point value used during a super cooling function (cut-off value for compressor). If SCE=0, the super cooling function during energy saving mode is disabled.

COUNTERS

nH1	Number of compressor activation (thousands of) (read only)	
nL1	Number of compressor activation (hundreds of) (read only)	
nH2	Number of fan activation (thousands of) (read only)	
nL2	Number of fan activation (hundreds of) (read only)	
nH3	Number of defrost activation (thousands of) (read only)	
nL3	Number of defrost activation (hundreds of) (read only)	
nH4	Number of light activation (thousands of) (read only)	
nL4	Number of light activation (hundreds of) (read only)	
οСН	Compressor working hours (thousands of) (read only)	
oCL	Compressor working hours (hundreds of) (read only)	

OTHER

Adr	Serial address for Modbus communication: 0 to 247
onF	Button function: nu=not used; onF=ON/OFF function; ES=change working mode from normal
	to energy saving mode and vice-versa.
d1	Thermostat probe display (read only)
d2	Evaporator probe display (read only)
d4	Condenser probe display (read only)
rSE	Real Set point (read only)
rEL	Firmware Release (read only)
Ptb	Parameter code table (read only)
FdY	Firmware release information (read only).
FMt	Firmware release information (read only).
FYr	Firmware release information (read only).

DIGITAL INPUT

The free voltage digital input is programmable in different configurations by the i1F parameter.

DOOR SWITCH (i1F=dor)

It signals the door status and the corresponding relay output status through the odC parameter; no = normal (any change); FAn = Fan OFF; CPr = Compressor OFF; F-C = Compressor and fan OFF. Since the door is opened, after the delay time set through parameter did, the door alarm is enabled, the display shows the message "dA" and the regulation restarts if rrd = Y. The alarm stops as soon as the external digital input is disabled again. With the door open, the high and low temperature alarms are disabled.

START DEFROST (i1F=dEF)

It starts a defrost if there are the right conditions. After a defrost is finished, the normal regulation will restart only if the digital input is disabled otherwise the instrument will wait until the MdF safety time is

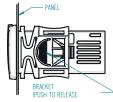
LIGHT CONTROL (i1F=LiG)

The light output status will change with the digital input.

ENERGY SAVING (i1F=ES)

The energy saving mode will be enabled / disabled with the digital input.

INSTALLATION AND MOUNTING



Instrument XRB06CX shall be mounted on vertical panel, in a 29x71 mm hole, and fixed using the special bracket supplied. The temperature range allowed for correct operation is 0 to 60°C. Avoid places subject to strong vibrations, corrosive gases, excessive dirt or humidity. The same recommendations apply to probes. Let air circulate by the cooling holes.

OPTIONAL FEATURES



The MDP/CX rear cover can be used to increase the protection from water and dust.



The HOT-KEY is used for a quick and easy upload (from device to HOT-KEY) or download (from HOT-KEY to device) of the



The **PROG-KEY** is used for firmware upgrade operations.



WIZMATE PROG-TOOL KIT

With this self-powered tool kit it is possible to easily modify the internal parameter map of any XRB device. The WIZMATE® software (part of this KIT) permits to build any personal configuration in a short time and to load it into the controller

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

The instrument is provided with screw terminal block to connect cables with a cross section up to 2.5mm². Before connecting cables make sure the power supply complies with the instrument's requirements. Separate the probe cables from the power supply cables, from the outputs and the power connections. Do not exceed the maximum current allowed on each relay, in case of heavier loads use a suitable external relay.

PROBES

The probes shall be mounted with the bulb upwards to prevent damages due to casual liquid infiltration. It is recommended to place the thermostat probe away from air streams to correctly measure the average room temperature. Place the defrost termination probe among the evaporator fins in the coldest place, where most ice is formed, far from heaters or from the warmest place during defrost, to prevent premature defrost termination.

USE THE HOT KEY

SAVE PARAMETERS IN A HOT KEY (UPLOAD FROM INSTRUMENT) 15.1

- Program one controller with the front keypad. When the controller is ON, insert the "HOT-KEY" and push UP button; the "UP" message 2 appears followed a by flashing "End"
- Push "SET" key and the "End" will stop flashing.
- Turn OFF the instrument and then remove the "HOT-KEY". At the end turn the instrument ON

NOTE: the "Err" message appears in case of a failed programming operation. In this case push again the **UP** button if you want to restart the upload again or remove the "HOT-KEY" to abort the operation.

15.2 COPY PARAMETERS FROM A HOT KEY (DOWNLOAD PARAMETER VALUES)

- Insert a programmed "HOT-KEY" into the 5-PIN receptacle and then turn the Controller ON.
- Automatically the parameter list of the "HOT-KEY" is downloaded into the Controller memory, the 3. "do" message is blinking followed a by flashing "End".
- After 10 seconds the instrument will restart working with the new parameters.
- Remove the "HOT-KEY".

NOTE: the message "Err" is displayed for failed programming. In this case turn the unit off and then on if you want to restart the download again or remove the "HOT-KEY" to abort the operation.

USE THE PROG-KEY

ALADM CICNALLING

During 30 sec which following a switch on it will be possible to upgrade the internal firmware by using a special tool named PROG-KEY. This operation does not change the internal parameter configuration

PAY ATTENTION: this operation MUST be carried out only from expert personnel in order not to damage the controller. Please contact you regional reseller to have more information

Label	Cause	Outputs
oFF"	Keyboard locked	Outputs unchanged
"on"	Keyboard unlocked	Outputs unchanged
"P1"	Room probe failure	Compressor output according to Con e CoF
"P2"	Evaporator probe failure	Defrost end is timed
"P4"	Fourth probe failure	Linked temperature alarm is not managed
"HA"	Maximum temperature alarm	Outputs unchanged
"LA"	Minimum temperature alarm	Outputs unchanged
"H2"	Maximum temperature for second temperature alarm	Outputs unchanged
"L2"	Minimum temperature for second temperature alarm	Outputs unchanged
"dA"	Door open more than doA time	Compressor and fans restarts
"EA"	External alarm	Outputs unchanged
"CA"	Serious external alarm	Outputs disabled
"EE"	EEPROM alarm	Outputs unchanged

ALARM RECOVERY

Probe alarms "P1", "P2" and "P4" start some seconds after the fault in the related probe; they automatically stop some seconds after the probe restarts normal operation. Check connections before replacing the probe. Temperature alarms "HA", "LA", "H2" and "L2" automatically stop as soon as the temperature returns to normal values. It is possible to reset the "EE" alarm by pressing any button. The alarms "EA", "CA" and "dA" will automatically stop as soon as the digital input is disabled. The optional buzzer can be muted by pressing any key if parameter tbA=Y.

TECHNICAL DATA

Housing: self-extinguishing ABS Case: frontal 32x74 mm; depth 60mm

Mounting: panel mounting in a 71x29mm panel cut-out

Body Protection: IP20 Frontal protection: IP65

Connections: Screw terminal block ≤ 2.5 mm² wiring

Power supply: (according to the model) 230Vac $\pm 10\%$, 50/60Hz; 110Vac $\pm 10\%$, 50/60Hz

Power absorption: 3.5VA max Display: 3 digits red LED, 14.2 mm high Inputs: up to 3 NTC probes. Digital input: free voltage contact.

Relay outputs: Compressor SPST 16(5)A, 250VAC Light: SPDT 8(3)A, 250VAC Fans: SPST 8(3)A, 250VAC

Data storing: on the non-volatile memory (EEPROM)

Kind of action: 1B Pollution degree: 2 Software class: A

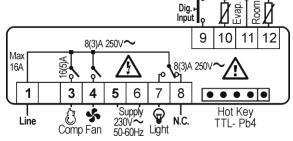
Rated impulsive voltage: 2500V; Overvoltage Category: II Operating temperature: 0 to 60°C (32 to 140°F) Storage temperature: -25 to 60°C (-13 to 140°F) Relative humidity: 20 to 85% (no condensing)

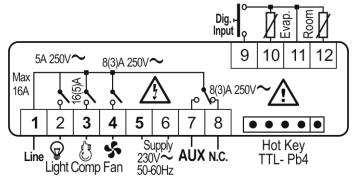
Measuring and regulation range:

NTC -40 to 110°C (-40 to 230°F) Resolution: 0.1°C or 1°C (selectable). Accuracy (ambient temp. 25°C): ±0.1°C ±1 digit.

CONNECTIONS

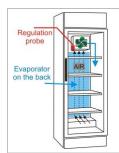
19.1 XRB06CX - 16+8+8A - 230VAC





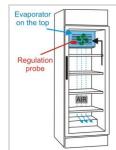
APPLICATION NOTES

Pay attention to the positioning of the regulation probe. In fact, the XRB can obtain the best performances of the system under control when the regulation probe is placed by following these guidelines:



Ventilated applications - Evaporator placed on the back of the refrigerated zone, ventilator placed above the evaporator
- The regulation probe is normally placed in the outlet air flow from the

- The regulation probe can be placed both inside or outside the ventilator pack, paying attention to avoid positions too near to the motor of the ventilator



Ventilated applications - Evaporator placed on the top side of the refrigerated zone, ventilator placed on the outlet air flow from the

- evaporator
 The regulation probe is normally placed in the inlet air flow to the
- The regulation probe has to be installed outside the evaporator avoiding any contact with the metallic parts of the evaporator itself



Static applications - Coolers without ventilators:

The regulation probe is normally placed at the side-wall of the refrigerated zone, approximately from 30% to 50% (of the internal height) from the bottom and 20% to 30% (of the internal width) from

ABEL	DESCRIPTION	RANGE	VALUE	LE
SEt	Set Point	LS; US	3.0°C	LE
	Differential in normal mode (energy saving	[0.1 to 25°C]		
HY	not active)	[1 to 45°F]	2.0°C	Pr
		[0.1 to 25°C]		
HYE	Differential when energy saving active	[1 to 45°F]	3.0°C	Pr
16	Minimum actualist	[-55°C to SET]	E0.0°C	Pr
LS	Minimum set point	[-67°F to SET]	-50.0°C	PI
US	Maximum set point	[SET to 110°C]	50.0°C	Pr
	Waximum Set point	[SET to 230°F]	00.0 0	
ot	Thermostat probe calibration	[-12.0 to 12.0°C]	0.0	Pı
DOD	·	[-21 to 21°F]	V	
P2P	Evaporator probe presence	n; Y	Υ	Pı
οE	Evaporator probe calibration	[-12.0 to 12.0°C] [-21 to 21°F]	0.0	Pı
P4P	Fourth probe presence	n, Y	n	Pı
1 41		[-12.0 to 12.0°C]		
о4	Fourth probe calibration	[-21 to 21°F]	0.0	Pı
odS	Outputs delay activation after start up	0 to 255 min	1	Pı
AC	Anti-short cycle delay	0 to 50 min	1	P
Con	Compressor ON time with faulty probe	0 to 255 min	15	P
CoF	Compressor OFF time with faulty probe	0 to 255 min	30	P
CF	Temperature measurement unit	°C; °F	°C	P
rES	Resolution (only for °C): decimal, integer	dE; in	dE	P
		P1: P2: P3: P4:		
Lod	Probe displayed	SEt; dtr; USr	P1	P
-II V	Disales to see a set of delay	0.0 to 20min00sec,		_
dLY	Display temperature delay	res. 10 sec	0	Pı
EdF	Defrost Mode: timed or automatic	rtC; in; Aut	in	Pı
tdF	Defrost type: electrical heating, hot gas,	EL, in; ALt	EL	Р
tur	compressor stop	LL, III, ALI	LL	-
dFP	Probe selection for defrost control	nP; P1; P2; P3; P4	P2	Р
dtE	Defrost termination temperature for defrost	[-55 to 50°C]	12.0°C	Р
	control	[-67 to122°F]	12.0 0	L.
idF	Interval between two consecutive defrost	0 to 255 hours	8	P
MdF	Cycles Maximum langth for defrect	0 to 255 min	30	P
dSd	Maximum length for defrost	0 to 255 min		P
	Start defrost delay		0	
dFd	Displaying during defrost	rt; it; SEt; dEF, dEG	dEF	Р
dAd	Max delay for updating display after a defrost	0 to 255 min	1	P
Fdt	Draining time	0 to 255 min	0	Р
dPo	First defrost after start-up	n; Y	n	P
FnC	Fan mode operation	C-n; o-n; C-Y; o-Y	C-Y	P
Fnd	Fan delay after defrost	0 to 255 min	0	P
	Differential of temperature for forced	[0 to 50°C]	-	
FCt	activation of fans	[32 to 122°F]	0	P
		[-55 to 50°C]		_
FSt	Fan stop temperature	[-67 to 122°F]	20.0°C	P
Fon	Fan on time with compressor off	0 to 15 min	5	Р
FoF	Fan off time with compressor off	0 to 15 min	10	Р
FAP	Kind of action for fan	np; P1; P2; P3; P4	P2	Р
F-4	Fan on time with compressor off in Energy	O to 15 min	_	Ъ
Fo1	Saving	0 to 15 min	5	P
FF1	Fan off time with compressor off in Energy	0 to 15 min	15	Pı
	Saving			
ALP	Probe selection for temperature alarm	nP; P1; P2; P3; P4	P1	Р
ALC	Temperature alarms configuration	rE, Ab	Ab	Р
ALU	Maximum temperature alarm	[ALL to 110.0°C]	50.0°C	Р
ALU	maximum temperature didim	[ALL to 230°F]	00.0 0	
ALL	Minimum temperature alarm	[-55°C to ALU]	0.0°C	Pı
	and the second second	[-67°F to ALU]		Ľ.
AFH	Differential for temperature alarm recovery	[0.1 to 25.5°C]	1.0°C	Pr

ALd	Temperature alarm delay	0 to 255 min	0	Pr1
-14-		0.0 to 24h00min,		
dAo AP2	Delay of temperature alarm at start up Probe selection for second temperature	res. 10 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4	8.0 nP	Pr1 Pr1
AL2	alarms Second low temperature alarm	[-55.0 to 110.0°C]	0.0	Pr1
AU2	Second high temperature alarm	[-67 to 230°F] [-55.0 to 110.0°C]	110.0	Pr1
AH2	Differential for second temperature alarm	[-67 to 230°F] [0.1 to 25.5°C]	2.0	Pr1
	recovery	[1 to 45°F] 0 to 254 min;		
Ad2	Second temperature alarm delay Delay for second temperature alarm at start	255=not used 0.0 to 24h00min,	0	Pr1
dA2	up Compressor off because of second low	res. 10 min	1.3	Pr1
bLL	temperature alarm Compressor off because of second high	n; Y	n	Pr2
AC2	temperature alarm	n; Y	n	Pr2
i1P	Digital input 1 polarity	CL; oP	CL	Pr1
i1F	Digital input 1 configuration	dor; dEF; LiG; AUS; ES	dor	Pr1
did	Digital inputs alarm delay	0 to 255 min	1	Pr2
doA	Door alarm delay	0 to 255 min	5	Pr1
odC	Compressor and fan status after opening of the door	no; FAn; CPr; F-C	FAn	Pr2
rrd	Regulation restart after door open alarm	n; Y	Y	Pr2
ErA	Energy reduction algorithm used	nu; bAS; Aut	Aut	Pr2
HES	Differential for energy aaving mode	-30 to 30°C	5.0°C	Pr1
LdE	Energy saving mode controls the lights (lights off when E.S. goes active)	n; Y	Y	Pr2
StE	Period of time to switch from normal mode to energy saving mode (valid if ErA=bAS)	0.0 to 24h00min, res. 10 min	4.0	Pr2
EtS	Period of time to switch from energy saving to normal mode (valid if ErA=bAS)	0.0 to 24h00min, res. 10 min	6.0	Pr2
dS	Door open time to switch from EtS to StE (valid if ErA=bAS)	0 to 999 sec	10	Pr2
oHt	Overheating before activating the super cooling function (when in normal mode)	[1.0 to 12.0°C] [1 to 21°F]	8.0°C	Pr1
SCo	Subcooling for Super Cooling function (when in normal mode)	[0.0 to 12.0°C] [0 to 21°F]	1.0°C	Pr1
tSC	Maximum duration for Super Cooling function (both for normal and energy saving mode)	0.0 to 24h00min, res. 10 min	0.20	Pr1
оНЕ	Overheating before activating the super cooling function (when in energy saving mode)	[1.0 to 12.0°C] [1 to 21°F]	0.0°C	Pr1
SCE	Subcooling for Super Cooling function (when in energy saving mode)	[0.0 to 12.0°C] [0 to 21°F]	0.0°C	Pr1
n1H	Number of compressor activation (thousands of)	Read Only		Pr2
n1L	Number of compressor activation (hundreds of)	Read Only		Pr2
n2H	Number of fan activation (thousands of)	Read Only		Pr2
n2L	Number of fan activation (hundreds of)	Read Only		Pr2
n3H	Number of defrost activation (thousands of)	Read Only		Pr2
n3L	Number of defrost activation (hundreds of)	Read Only		Pr2
n4H	Number of light activation (thousands of)	Read Only		Pr2
n4L	Number of light activation (hundreds of)	Read Only		Pr2
оСН	Compressor working hours (thousands of)	Read Only		Pr2
oCL	Compressor working hours (hundreds of)	Read Only		Pr2
Adr	Serial address	1 to 247	1	Pr2
onF	ONOFF button function	nu; onF; ES	onF	Pr2
dP1	i	Read Only	OHF	Pr1
	Thermostat probe display			
dP2	Evaporator probe display	Read Only		Pr1
dP4	Condenser probe display	Read Only		Pr1
rSE	Real Set point	Read Only		Pr1
rEL	Firmware release	Read Only		Pr1
Ptb	Parameter code table	Read Only		Pr1
FdY	Firmware date: day	Read Only		Pr1
FMt	Firmware date: month	Read Only		Pr1
FYr	Firmware date: year	Read Only		Pr1

Dixell



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